

## Advanced Matching – Land Formations Part 1

**Directions:** Draw a line from words to their definitions.



**A) continent**

**B) continental drift**

**C) earthquake**

**D) lake**

**E) pond**

**F) hill**

**G) mountain**

**H) plateau**

**I) plain**

**J) cliff**

**K) geyser**

**L) volcano**

**M) cave**

**N) glacier**

**O) canyon**

**P) desert**

**Q) oasis**

- 1) A generally massive and usually steep-sided, raised portion of the Earth's surface
- 2) A natural elevation of the earth's surface, smaller than a mountain
- 3) An extensive, relatively level area of land
- 4) An elevated, comparatively level expanse of land
- 5) A dry, often sandy region of little rainfall, extreme temperatures, and sparse vegetation
- 6) The lateral movement of continents resulting from the motion of crustal plates
- 7) A sudden movement of the earth's crust caused by the release of stress accumulated along geologic faults or by volcanic activity
- 8) One of the seven main landmasses of the globe
- 9) A natural hot spring that regularly ejects a spray of steam and boiling water into the air
- 10) A high, steep, or overhanging face of a rock
- 11) An opening in the Earth's crust from which lava, ash, and hot gases flow or are ejected during an eruption
- 12) A huge mass of ice slowly flowing over a land mass, formed from compacted snow in an area where snow accumulation exceeds melting and sublimation
- 13) A naturally occurring underground hollow or passage, especially one with an opening to the surface of the Earth
- 14) A long, deep, narrow valley with steep cliff walls, cut into the Earth by running water and often having a stream at the bottom
- 15) A small area in a desert that has a supply of water and is able to support vegetation
- 16) A large inland body of standing fresh or salt water
- 17) An inland body of standing water that is smaller than a lake